		US Doadrio, Carmona & Ferna 2002	ndez-[Delgado,		Region:	1				
Synonyms:					Commo	n Name	s:				
Order: Notes c	Cyprinodol on taxonomy:	ntiformes				Family:	Сур	orinodontid	lae		
Biome	ral Information	Terrest	rial	[eshwater			Marine 		
Geographic Range of species: It is restricted to the lower Guadalquivir region and in streams located on the southern Atlantic slope of Spain, including Coto Donana National Park.						Habitat and Ecology Information: It lives in freshwater and hypersaline lagoons, tidal channel, and in small streams. It is characterized by a short life span and large fluctuations in population size, as adaptations to a highly variable environment.					
Conservation Measures: Included in Regional Andalucian Law 8/2003 of conservation of flora and fauna.						Threats: Habitat destruction and water pollution (mine spill in 1998 in Coto Donana), repeated drought, and introduction of exotic fish species Gambusia holbrooki and Fundulus heteroclitus as well as the swamp craéyfish Procambarus clarkii.					
•	s population infor sing, only 7-8 fragm	mation: nented populations are know	wn.								
	try Distributio	Native - Presence	Nat Pres	ive - sence ssible	Extino	ct Rein	troduced	Introduc	ed Vagrant		
Spain				_							
	er Level Habita	t Proforancas		Sc	core		rlovo	l Habita	t Preferences		Score
5.1 V (i 10.3 C	Vetlands (inland) - l ncludes waterfalls) Coastline - Estuarin	Permanent Rivers/Streams e Waters	/Creek		1 1		1 2070	<u>I Hubitu</u>			
10.6 C	coastline - Coastal	Brackish/Saline Lagoons			1						
<u>Majo</u>	<u>r threats</u>					Cons	ervatio	on Meas	<u>ures</u>		
Code	Description of the		_	PresentF	uture			vation mea		In place	Needed
1	0	radation (human induced)					•	ased actio	ns		
1.3	Extraction	action					Legislati				
1.3.6	Groundwater extr						Develop	onal level			
1.4 1.4.6	Infrastructure dev Dams	elopment					National				
2		ecies (directly affecting the					Impleme				
2	species)		V	V	V		•	onal level			
2.2	Predators		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		National				\checkmark
6	Pollution (affectin	g habitat and/or species)	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	3		ch actions			\checkmark
6.3	Water pollution		✓	\checkmark	\checkmark		Taxonor				
6.3.1	Agriculture		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark			•	rs and range		
6.3.3	Commercial/Indu	strial	✓					and Ecolog	-		
7	Natural disasters		\checkmark	\checkmark			Habitat				
7.1	Drought					3.5	Threats				
9	Intrinsic factors					3.8	Conserv	ation mea	sures		\checkmark
9.1	Limited dispersal					3.9	Trends/I	Monitoring			\checkmark
9.8	Population fluctua	ations				4	Habitat a	and site-ba	ased actions		\checkmark
9.9	Restricted range		\checkmark	\checkmark	✓	4.2	Restora	tion			\checkmark
						4.4	Protecte				\checkmark
									w protected areas		
							Establis				
						5 5.1		-based act	lions		
								ductions ry manage	ment		
	tion of Species							,anago			
<u>Utilisa</u> Purpo	Subs	sistence	N	lational	Interr	national	Other purpose:				
Drimo	w forms removed	from the wild 400	n %	57E0/	E4	75%	26.500/	<25%	None Other forms remove	d from the w	ild
-			0% n%	>75%			26-50%				nu.
	-			>75%			26-50%	<25%	Other source of spe	umens:	
irend		rvest in relation to total w		pulation		uers OV6	er last tiv	ve years:	None		

Trend in offtake/harvest produced through domestication/cultivation over last five years: CITES:

Red Listing	
Red List Assessment: Endangered (EN)	Possibly Extinct
Red List Criteria: A2ce	
Rationale for the Red List Assessment:	A. baeticus survives in only 7-8 sub populations and is suspected to have undergone a population decline of 50% in last 10 years. Its AOO is <500km2 and is in continuous decline due to a loss in habitat caused by pollution, destruction and to introduced species (Gambusia holbrooki and Fundulus heteroclitus and procambarus clarkii) (Carmona, J. pers comm.). Although reintroduction programmes have been undertaken, this species could be extinct in the wild in the next ten years.
Current Population Trend: Decreasing	Date of Assessment: 31/10/2004
Assessor(s): A.J. Crivelli	
Evaluator: J. Carmona	
Notes on Red listing:	

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