Nun galilaeus Taxonomic Authority: (Günther, 18	964)	Region: 1	
Synonyms: Nemacheilus galilaeus (0	Günther, 1864)	Common Names:	
Order: Cypriniformes		Family: Balitoridae	
Notes on taxonomy: Initially recor	ded as Nemacheilus galilaeus. Va	lid as Nun galilaeus (M. Goren, pers. comm.).	
General Information Biome	☐ Terrestrial ✓ F	reshwater	
Geographic Range of species: This species is known only from two fre River basin: Lake Hula in Israel and Labe a misidentification). It's occurrence Kinneret, but this may also be a miside comm.). It is considered as extinct in Is (if it occurred here) is not known.	ke Muzairib in Syria (this may was also recorded in Lake Intification (M. Goren, pers.	Habitat and Ecology Information: A lacustrine species.	
Conservation Measures:		Threats:	
None known to be in place.		Drainage of Lake Hula resulted in the loss of the spec	ies from Israel.
Species population information: Extinct in Israel; not known in Syria.			
Country Distribution Israel Syrian Arab Republic	Native - Presence Confirmed Possible		
Upper Level Habitat Prefere	nces Score	Lower Level Habitat Preferences	Score
5.4 Wetlands (inland) - Bogs, Marsh5.5 Wetlands (inland) - Permanent F	es, Swamps, Fens, Peatlands 1		
Major threats		Conservation Measures	
Code Description of threat		e Code Conservation measures	In place Needed
1 Habitat Loss/Degradation (hu	, – – –	1 Policy-based actions	
1.3 Extraction1.3.6 Groundwater extraction		1.2 Legislation1.2.1 Development	
6 Pollution (affecting habitat an		1.2.1.2 National level	
6.3 Water pollution		1.2.2 Implementation	
6.3.1 Agriculture		1.2.2.2 National level	
7 Natural disasters		3 Research actions	✓
7.1 Drought		3.1 Taxonomy	
9 Intrinsic factors		3.2 Population numbers and range	
9.1 Limited dispersal9.9 Restricted range		3.3 Biology and Ecology 3.4 Habitat status	
9.9 Restricted range		3.4 Habitat status 3.5 Threats	
		3.8 Conservation measures	
		3.9 Trends/Monitoring	
		4 Habitat and site-based actions	
		4.1 Maintenance/Conservation	
<u>Utilisation of Species</u>			
Purpose/Type of Use	Subsistence	National International Other purpose: Not used	
Primary forms removed from the w	ild 100% >75% 5	1-75% 26-50% <25% Other forms removed fr	om the wild:
Source of specimens in commercia	l trade 100% >75% 5	1-75% 26-50% <25% Other source of specim	ens:
Trend in wild offtake/harvest in relativent in offtake/harvest produced to CITES:		-	
Red Listing			
Red List Assessment: Data Deficient (DD) ✓ Possibly Extinct Red List Criteria:			
Rationale for the Red List Assessm	as abundant in Lake Muza The species is extinct in Is	om Lake Hula, Israel which has now been drained. It wa irib in Syria twenty years ago, but this may have been a rael. If it occurs at all in Syria, the population status is n ack of data from Syria, this is assessed as Data Deficie	misidentification. ot known. May

Date of Assessment: 16/12/2004

Current Population Trend:

Unknown

Assessor(s): M. Goren

Evaluator: N. Bogutskaya

Notes on Red listing:

Bibliography

Krupp, F. & Schneider, W., 1989, The fishes of the Jordan river drainage basin and the Azraq Oasis., Fauna of Saudi Arabia, , , 10, 347-416, , Goren, M. & Ortal, R., 1999, Biogeography, diversity and conservation of the inland water fish communities in Israel., Biological Conservation, , , 89, 1-9.