

Sabanejewia larvata

Taxonomic Authority: (De Filippi, 1859)

Synonyms:

Region: 1

Common Names:

Order: Cypriniformes

Family: Cyprinidae

Notes on taxonomy:

General Information

Biome Terrestrial Freshwater Marine

Geographic Range of species:

Restricted to the Padua-Venetian region in northern Italy. The detailed distribution still unknown. Transplanted into Lake Trasimeno and the Tiber and Ombrone river basins.

Habitat and Ecology Information:

Lives in standing and running waters in the lowland and hill zones with sand or mud substrates rich in vegetation. Also found in drainage channels.

The breeding season occurs from May to July. Females are larger than males but sexual dimorphism in size is not so evident as in the spined loach, *Cobitis taenia* with which *S. larvata* often occurs sympatrically.

Conservation Measures:

None.

Threats:

Habitat destruction and water pollution.

Species population information:

Reportedly decreasing but has probably been overlooked in surveys.

Country Distribution

	Native - Presence Confirmed	Native - Presence Possible	Extinct	Reintroduced	Introduced	Vagrant
Italy	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Upper Level Habitat Preferences

Score

Lower Level Habitat Preferences

Score

Major threats

Code	Description of threat	Past	Present	Future
1	Habitat Loss/Degradation (human induced)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
1.4	Infrastructure development	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
1.4.6	Dams	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
2	Invasive alien species (directly affecting the species)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
6	Pollution (affecting habitat and/or species)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
6.3	Water pollution	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
9	Intrinsic factors	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
9.1	Limited dispersal	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Conservation Measures

Code	Conservation measures	In place	Needed
3	Research actions	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
3.1	Taxonomy	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
3.2	Population numbers and range	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
3.3	Biology and Ecology	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
3.4	Habitat status	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
3.5	Threats	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
3.8	Conservation measures	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
3.9	Trends/Monitoring	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Utilisation of Species

Purpose/Type of Use

1. Food - human

Subsistence

National

International

Other purpose:

Fishing bait and local consumption

Primary forms removed from the wild

1. Whole animal/plant

100%

>75%

51-75%

26-50%

<25%

Other forms removed from the wild:

Source of specimens in commercial trade

Wild

100%

>75%

51-75%

26-50%

<25%

Other source of specimens:

Trend in wild offtake/harvest in relation to total wild population numbers over last five years:

Unknown

Trend in offtake/harvest produced through domestication/cultivation over last five years:

Unknown

CITES: Not listed

Red Listing

Red List Assessment: Least Concern (LC)

Possibly Extinct

Red List Criteria:

Rationale for the Red List Assessment: This is widely distributed species for which there is no evidence of decline and which is more widely distributed than previously though.

Current Population Trend: Unknown

Date of Assessment: 31/10/2004

Assessor(s): A.J. Crivelli

Evaluator: Bianco, G. & Kottelat, M.

Notes on Red listing:

Bibliography

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Kottelat, M., 1997, European freshwater fishes, Biologia, Bratislava, , 52/ Supplement 5, 1-271, ,

Perdices, E., Doadrio, I., Economidis, P.S. & Banarescu, P., 2003, Pleistocene effects on the European freshwater fish fauna: double origin of the cobitid genus *Sabanejewia* in the Danube basin (Osteichthyes: Cobitidae)., *Molecular Phylogenetics and Evolution*, , , 26, 289-299, ,

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