Ablepharus kitaibelii Taxonomic Authority: Bibron and Bory, 1833		Region: 8					
Synonyms:	Disteri and Dery, 1999	Common Names:					
		Snake-eyed Skink	English				
		Johanniseidechse	German				
Order: Sauria		Family: Scincidae					
Notes on taxonomy:	Schmidtler (1997) raised the subspecies buda Ablepharus kitaibellii to southeastern Europe a currently under review (P. Lymberakis pers. co the Balkan peninsula. Poulakakis et al. (2005) the Kastelorizo island group (Greece, off the L specific status. The remaining populations of <i>A</i> inhabiting continental Greece and the west Ae comprising populations that inhabit the East A	and west and central Turkey. Howey omm.). Ljubisvljevic et al. (2002) exa showed that A. kitaibelii is not mon ycian coast of southwestern Turkey A. kitaibelii consist of two clades, on gean (Cyclades and Kithira) and loo	ver, the taxonomy of this species is amined geographic variation in parts of ophyletic, and that the population on b) is particularly distinct and deserves e comprising the populations nian (Leukada) islands, and the other				

General Information

Biome

Geographic Range of species:

This species ranges from southern Slovakia and Hungary, through most of Serbia (but not Montenegro), southern Romania, Bulgaria, Macedonia, Albania (lowland areas), Greece (including many Ionian and Aegean islands) and Turkey (western and central). There is a single record from eastern Bosnia Herzegovina. Populations of the species in Hungary and southern Slovakia are very fragmented. Records from Cyprus refer to Ablepharus budaki. The species has been recorded up to around 2,000m asl (in Turkey).

✓ Terrestrial

Presence

Confirmed

Presence

Possible

Conservation Measures:

This species is listed on Annex II of the Bern Convention, and on Annex IV of the European Union Habitat and Species Directive. It occurs in a number of protected areas. Further taxonomic studies are needed for a number of populations of this species.

Species population information:

It is generally a common species, but it is often rarer at the edges of its range.

Freshwater Marine Habitat and Ecology Information:

This species is found in dry areas including south facing slopes, meadows, scrubland and clearings in woodland (both deciduous and pine). It is generally found close to ground cover such as leaf-litter, dead wood, stones, bushes and other vegetation. The female lays a clutch of two to four eggs.

Threats:

In general there appear to be no major threats to this species. In parts of its European range the species is threatened by afforestation, deforestation and conversion of suitable habitat to agricultural, forestry or industrial use (Gasc 1997; CoE, 2003).

Country Distribution	Native - Presence Confirmed	Native - Presence Possible	Extinct	Reintroduced	Introduced	Vagrant
Albania	\checkmark					
Bulgaria	\checkmark					
Greece	\checkmark					
Hungary	\checkmark					
Macedonia, the former Yugoslav Republ	\checkmark					
Romania	\checkmark					
Slovakia	\checkmark					
Turkey	\checkmark					
Serbia and Montenegro	\checkmark					
	Native -	Native -				

Extinct Reintroduced Introduced

FAO Marine Habitats

Major Lakes

Major Rivers

Upper Level Habitat Preferences		Lower Level Habitat Preferences	Score
1.4 Forest - Temperate	1		
3.8 Shrubland - Mediterranean-type Shrubby Vegetation			
4.4 Grassland - Temperate			
11.2 Artificial/Terrestrial - Pastureland	1		

Major threats				Cons	ervatior	n Meas	ures		
		Past Present Future				In place	Needed		
Habitat Loss/Degradation (human induced)		\checkmark	✓	1	Policy-bas	sed actio	ns	\checkmark	
1.1 Agriculture			✓	1.2	Legislatio			\checkmark	
1.1.1 Crops	✓			1.2.1	Developm				
1.1.1.2 Small-holder farming					Internation Implement				
1.1.1.3 Agro-industry farming1.1.2 Wood plantations		\checkmark	\checkmark		Internatio			\checkmark	
1.1.2.2 Large-scale	$\mathbf{X} \leq \mathbf{X} \leq \mathbf{X} \leq \mathbf{X}$	\checkmark		3	Research				\checkmark
1.4 Infrastructure development	~	\checkmark	✓	3.1	Taxonom	у			\checkmark
1.4.1 Industry	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	3.2	Populatio	n numbe	rs and range		\checkmark
				3.3	Biology a	nd Ecolog	ду		
				3.5	Threats Habitat and site-based actions Maintenance/Conservation Protected areas Establishment				
				4 4.1					
				4.4					
				4.4.2					
				4.4.3	Managem	nent		\checkmark	
Utilisation of Species									
Purpose/Type of Use	Sub	sistence	I	National	Interna	ational	Other purpose:		
Primary forms removed from the wild 1	00%	>75%	51	-75%	26-50%	<25%	Other forms removed fr	om the w	ild:
Source of specimens in commercial trade 1	00%	>75%	51	1-75%	26-50%	<25%	Other source of specim	ens:	
Trend in wild offtake/harvest in relation to total	wild po	pulation	num	bers ov	er last five	e years:			
Trend in offtake/harvest produced through dom CITES:	esticat	ion/cultiv	/atior	n over la	st five yea	ars:			
Red Listing									
Red List Assessment: Least Concern (LC)				P	ossibly Ex	tinct			
Red List Criteria:									
Rationale for the Red List Assessment: Listed as Least Concern in view of its wide distribution, tolerance of a degree of habitat modification, presumed large population, and because it is unlikely to be declining fast enough to qualify for listing in a more threatened category.									
Current Population Trend: Stable Date of Assessment: 12/17/2004									
Assessor(s): Wolfgang Böhme, Petros Lymbera	akis, Ra	stko Ajtic	, Varo	ol Tok, Is	hmail Ugu	urtas, Mui	rat Sevinç, Pierre-André Cr	ochet, Idriz	z Haxhiu
Notes on Red listing:									
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