Acan	thodactylu	s beershe	bensis				Regio	n: 8					
	omic Authority:	Moravec, Baha and Werner, 19	El Din, Seli	gman	ın, Sivar	n							
Synonyms:							Common Names:						
							Be'er Sheva Fringe-fingered Lizard English						
Order: Sauria							Famil	y: Lac	ertidae				
Notes o	on taxonomy:												
	ral Informatio	<u>n</u>	- ·										
Biome			✓ Terrest	ial		F	reshwa		∐ Mar				
Geographic Range of species: This species is endemic to the Irano-Turanian region of south-central Israel. The map shows the extent of the historic distribution, within which very few fragmented populations remain.							Habitat and Ecology Information: The species inhabits loess plains with sparse shrub cover. The females may have between three and seven eggs. It is not found in agricultural areas. Animals hide under stones and in holes in the ground, and the species digs burrows under the 'green crust' substrate.						
Conser	vation Measures	::					Threa	ts:					
A small portion of the former range of this species is within protected areas. It is protected by national legislation in Israel.							Much of the habitat of this species (especially the 'green crust') has been destroyed by intensive agriculture, urbanisation, and trampling by grazing animals. It is relatively easily caught by birds, such as falcons, egrets and shrikes, and the abundance of these predatory birds in the area is increasing with ongoing tree planting.						
	s population info to be common sp		very rare be	ecaus	e of hal	bitat							
Coun	try Distributio	n .	Native - Presence Confirmed	Pre	ative - esence ossible	Exti	nct Re	introduced	Introduced	Vagrant			
Israel	try Distribution	<u> </u>	✓										
					-4:								
<u>FAO I</u>	Marine Habita	<u>ıts</u>	Native - Presence Confirmed	Pr	ative - esence ossible	Exti	inct Re	eintroduced	d Introduced				
Major	Lakes												
Major	Rivers												
Uppe	r Level Habita	at Preference	<u>es</u>		s	core	Low	er Level	Habitat P	references		Score	
8.4 D	esert - Semi-Dese	ert (no trees pres	ent)			1							
Major	threats						Cons	servatio	n Measure	<u></u>			
Code	Description of t	hreat	F	ast F	Present	Future			ation measu		In place	Needed	
1	Habitat Loss/Deg	gradation (humar	n induced)	✓	✓	✓	1	Policy-ba	sed actions		✓		
1.1	Agriculture			✓	✓	~	1.2	Legislatio			✓		
1.1.1	Crops			Y	✓	V	3	Research		- d		✓	
1.1.1.3	Agro-industry far	•		<u>~</u>	✓	✓	3.2 3.3		on numbers a	nd range		✓	
1.4.2	Infrastructure der Human settleme			✓	∨	✓	3.4	Habitat s	ind Ecology			✓	
8	Changes in nativ		nics		✓	✓	3.5	Threats	latas			✓	
8.2	Predators				✓	✓	3.8		ation measure	es		✓	
					_		3.9	Trends/M	onitoring			✓	
							4		nd site-based	l actions	✓	✓	
							4.1	Maintena	ince/Conserva	ation	✓	✓	
							4.4	Protected			✓	✓	
							4.4.1			otected areas		✓	
							4.4.2 4.4.3	Establish			✓	✓	
							4.4.4	Managen Expansio			✓	✓	
							·					•	

Utilisation of Species

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Primary forms removed from the wild 100% >75% 51-75% 26-50% <25% Other forms removed from the wild:

Source of specimens in commercial trade 100% >75% 51-75% 26-50% <25% Other source of specimens:

Trend in wild offtake/harvest in relation to total wild population numbers over last five years:

Trend in offtake/harvest produced through domestication/cultivation over last five years:

CITES:

Red Listing

Red List Assessment: Critically Endangered (CR) Possibly Extinct

Red List Criteria: A2c; B2ab(iii)

Rationale for the Red List Assessment: Listed as Critically Endangered because of a serious population decline, estimated to be more than

80% over the last three generations, inferred from habitat destruction and degradation; and because

its Area of Occupancy is less than 10 km2, its distribution is severely fragmented, and there is

continuing decline in the extent and quality of its habitat.

Current Population Trend: Decreasing Date of Assessment: 12/17/2004

Assessor(s): Yehudah Werner, Ahmad Mohammed Mousa Disi

Notes on Red listing:

Bibliography

Moravec, J., El Din, S.B., Seligmann, H., Sivan, N. and Werner, Y.L., 1999, Systematics and distribution of the Acanthodactylus pardalis group (Lacertidae) in Egypt and Israel., Zool. Mid. East., , , 17:, 21-50, ,

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