Chalcides poly			Region:	7			
Taxonomic Authority:	Boulenger, 1890		0	N			
Synonyms:		1000	Common		:-l. English		
Chalcides simonyi Steindachner, 1889			•	led Cylindrical Sk	_		
				piger Walzenskin			
			Seps à éc	ailles nombreuse	s French		
Order: Sauria			Family:	Scincidae			
Notes on taxonomy: Chalcides simonyi used to be considered as a suby (Pasteur et al. 1988; Brown and Pestano 199				of Chalcides poly	/lepis, but it was separ	ated as a full species	
General Informati	<u>ion</u>						
Biome	✓ Terre	strial	Freshwater	N	//arine		
Geographic Range of species: Habitat and Ecology Information:							
has also been recorded from one or two localities in northwestern Western Sahara. It occurs from sea level to 1,950m asl. Western Sahara. It occurs from sea level to 1,950m asl.				This is a diurnal, terrestrial species. It is found under rocks and stones and in thickets of dense vegetation (but it is absent from dense woodland). It is also found in Argan forests and in pasture lands. The females give birth to four to seven fully formed young. Montane populations are known to have a period of hibernation			
Conservation Measur	es:		Threats:				
National Park, Marais L	tected areas in Morocco, incl .arache, Dunes d'Essaouira, e, Bou Naceur, Jbel Tichouki	Perdicaris,	agricultura	al expansion and	by habitat loss resulting urbanization. In coasta caused by the develop	Il areas it is	
Species population in This species is locally a							
Country Distribut	Native - Presence Confirme		ctinct Reintro	oduced Introduc	ed Vagrant		
Morocco	✓						
Western Sahara	✓						
FAO Marine Habi	Native - Presence tats Confirme	e Presence E	xtinct Reintr	oduced Introduc	eed		
Major Lakes							
Major Rivers							
Upper Level Habi	itat Preferences	Score	Lower	evel Habitat	Preferences	Score	
1.4 Forest - Tempera		1					
3.4 Shrubland - Temp		1					
3.8 Shrubland - Mediterranean-type Shrubby Vegetation 1							
6 Rocky areas (eg. inland cliffs, mountain peaks) 1							
10.2 Coastline - Sand, Shingle or Pebble Shores (incl. sand bars, 1 spits, sandy islets, dune systems)							
11.2 Artificial/Terrestria	al - Pastureland	1					
Major threats			Conser	vation Measu	<u></u>		
Code Description o	f threat	Past Present Futur	re Code Co	onservation mea	sures	In place Needed	
1 Habitat Loss/D	egradation (human induced)	y y y	3 Re	esearch actions			
1.1 Agriculture	·	<u> </u>		ology and Ecolog	y		
1.1.1 Crops		<u> </u>		abitat and site-bas	sed actions		
1.1.1.3 Agro-industry f	arming	v v	4.4 Pr	otected areas			
1.1.4 Livestock			4.4.2 Es	stablishment			
1.1.4.1 Nomadic			4.4.3 Ma	anagement		V	
1.4 Infrastructure of	development						
1.4.3 Tourism/recrea	ation						

Purpose/ Lype of Use Subsistence National International Other purpose:

Primary forms removed from the wild 100% >75% 51-75% 26-50% <25% Other forms removed from the wild:

Source of specimens in commercial trade 100% >75% 51-75% 26-50% <25% Other source of specimens:

Trend in wild offtake/harvest in relation to total wild population numbers over last five years:

Trend in offtake/harvest produced through domestication/cultivation over last five years:

CITES:

Red Listing

Red List Assessment: Least Concern (LC) Possibly Extinct

Red List Criteria:

Rationale for the Red List Assessment: Listed as Least Concern in view of its wide distribution, tolerance of a range of habitats, presumed

large population, and because it is unlikely to be declining fast enough to qualify for listing in a more

threatened category.

Current Population Trend: Decreasing Date of Assessment: 12/17/2004

Assessor(s): Philippe Geniez, Jose Antonio Mateo Miras, Ulrich Joger, Juan Pleguezuelos, Tahar Slimani, El Hassan El Mouden

Notes on Red listing:

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