Saurodactylus mauritanio	us		1	Region:	7				
Taxonomic Authority: (Duméril and E	Bibron, 1836)								
Synonyms:				Common Names: Geco de Alborán Spanish					
Order: Sauria						konidae	Оранізн		
	and Conica	(1006) in tr		Family:			cies distinct from S	- mouritanious	
Notes on taxonomy: We follow Bon:	s and Geniez	(1990) 111 (1	eating 3	aurouacty	ius bios	seli as a spel	Sies distilict from s	5. mauritanicus	•
General Information									
Biome	✓ Terresti	rial		eshwater		Mari			
Geographic Range of species: This species is found in northeastern Mo and the Spanish territories of Melilla, the Charfarinas Archipelago. It can range fro	Isla de Albor	án and the	ria, n asl.	This spec gradient. ground ve per year i ground.	cies is for Animals egetation	can be found The female	tion: arid and arid rocky in piles of stones s lay up to eight o s deposited in a se	and sheltering lutches of a sin	in gle egg
Conservation Measures: It is present in Bades Reserve in Morocco.				Threats: Although the species is not believed to be globally threatened, it is locally threatened by habitat loss caused by ongoing urbanisation and conversion of land to agricultural use,					
Species population information: It is not a widely distributed species, but	s locally abu	ndant.				-			
Country Diotrik : 4	Native - Presence Confirmed	Native - Presence Possible	Extino	ct Reintr	oduced	Introduced	Vagrant		
Country Distribution	_								
Algeria Morocco	✓								
Spain	✓								
FAO Marine Habitats Major Lakes Major Rivers	Presence Confirmed	Presence Possible		ct Reint	roaucea	Introduced			
Upper Level Habitat Preferenc	<u>es</u>	;	Score	Lower	Level	Habitat Pr	eferences		Score
3.8 Shrubland - Mediterranean-type Sh		ation	1						
6 Rocky areas (eg. inland cliffs, mour			2						
8.4 Desert - Semi-Desert (no trees pres	sent)		1						
Major threats				Conse	rvation	Measure	<u>s</u>		
Code Description of threat	F	ast Present	Future	Code C	onserva	tion measur	es	In place	Needed
1 Habitat Loss/Degradation (huma	n induced)	✓	✓	3 R	esearch	actions			✓
1.1 Agriculture		✓	✓		axonomy				✓
1.1.1 Crops		V V	✓			n numbers ar	nd range		✓
1.1.1.2 Small-holder farming1.1.1.3 Agro-industry farming		Y Y Y	✓		iology ar abitat sta	nd Ecology			✓
1.4 Infrastructure development		>>>>>	▼		abitat sta hreats	alus			✓
1.4.2 Human settlement		<u> </u>	✓			nd site-based	actions	✓	✓
			_		laintenar	nce/Conserva	ation	✓	✓
					rotected			✓	✓
					stablishr			✓	✓
				4.4.3 N	lanagem	ent		✓	✓
<u>Utilisation of Species</u>									
Purpose/Type of Use		Subsistend	e N	ational	Interna	tional Ot	her purpose:		
Primary forms removed from the wild	100	% >75%	% 51-	75% 20	6-50%	<25% Ot	her forms remov	ed from the wi	ild:

100%

>75%

51-75% 26-50% <25% Other source of specimens:

Source of specimens in commercial trade

Trend in wild offtake/harvest in relation to total wild population numbers over last five years:

Trend in offtake/harvest produced through domestication/cultivation over last five years:

CITES:

Red Listing

Red List Assessment: Least Concern (LC) Possibly Extinct

Red List Criteria:

Rationale for the Red List Assessment: Listed as Least Concern in view of its relatively wide distribution, presumed large population, and because it is unlikely to be declining fast enough to qualify for listing in a more threatened category.

Current Population Trend: Stable Date of Assessment: 12/17/2004

Assessor(s): Ulrich Joger, Tahar Slimani, El Hassan El Mouden, Philippe Geniez

Notes on Red listing:

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