Tarentola angustimental			ı	Region:	1			
Taxonomic Authority: Steindachne	r, 1891							
Synonyms:					n Names		English	
					nary Gecl		English Spanish	
Ondon Courie				•	ién Majore		Оранізн	
Order: Sauria				Family:	Gek	konidae		
Notes on taxonomy:								
General Information								
Biome	✓ Terrestr	al	Fre	eshwater	•	Mari	ne	
Geographic Range of species:				Habitat and Ecology Information:				
This species is endemic to the islands of Lobos, Graciosa, Montaña Clara, Alegr							iabitats within its r one walls, dunes,	ange. It lives in stony
the Canary Islands (Spain). It is found to	up to 800m asl.	oque dei Est						an habitations. The
					-	es of one or	two eggs.	
Conservation Measures:				Threats				:
This species is protected by internation number of protected areas.	ai legislation ar	id occurs in a	3	rnere ap	opear to b	e no major tr	reats to this spec	ies.
Species population information:								
It is an abundant species.								
	Native -	Native -						
	Presence	Presence	Extino	ct Rein	troduced	Introduced	Vagrant	
Country Distribution	Confirmed	Possible		1				
Spain	✓							
	Native -	Native -						
FAO Marine Habitats	Presence Confirmed	Presence Possible	Extin	ct Rein	troduced	Introduced		
Upper Level Habitat Preferen	CAS	So	core	Lower	· I evel	Hahitat Pr	eferences	Score
3.4 Shrubland - Temperate	<u>CE3</u>	0.	1	LOWE	Level	Habitat Fi	elelelices	00010
3.8 Shrubland - Mediterranean-type S	Shrubby Vegeta	tion	1					
6 Rocky areas (eg. inland cliffs, mo	, ,		1					
10.1 Coastline - Rocky Shores (include	es rocky offshor	e islands	1					
and sea cliffs) 10.2 Coastline - Sand, Shingle or Pebl	nle Shores (incl	eand hare	1					
spits, sandy islets, dune systems		. Saliu Dais,	'					
10.5 Coastline - Intertidal Marshes (includes salt marshes) 3								
11.1 Artificial/Terrestrial - Arable Land			1					
11.2 Artificial/Terrestrial - Pastureland								
11.3 Artificial/Terrestrial - Plantations11.4 Artificial/Terrestrial - Rural Garde			1					
11.4 Altilicial/Tellestilai - Ruiai Galue	20		1					
11.5 Artificial/Terrestrial - Urban Areas			1					
11.5 Artificial/Terrestrial - Urban Areas			1					
11.5 Artificial/Terrestrial - Urban Areas Major threats			1 1 1	Conse	ervation	n Measure	<u>s</u>	
		ast PresentF	1 1 1			n Measure tion measur		In place Needed
Major threats	P	ast PresentF ✓ ✓	1 1 1	Code (Conserva			In place Needed ☑
Major threats Code Description of threat	P		1 1 1 1	Code (1 1.2 1	Conserva Policy-bas _egislatio	ition measur sed actions n		
Major threats Code Description of threat	P		1 1 1 1	Code (1 F 1.2 L 1.2.1 [Conserva Policy-bas Legislation Developm	ntion measur sed actions n nent		
Major threats Code Description of threat	P		1 1 1 1	Code (1 1.2 1.2.1.1 1.2.1.1 1	Conserva Policy-bas Legislation Developm nternation	etion measur sed actions n nent nal level		
Major threats Code Description of threat	P		1 1 1 1	Code (1 1.2 1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.2 1	Conserva Colicy-bas Legislation Developm Internation mplemen	ition measur sed actions n nent nal level tation		
Major threats Code Description of threat	P		1 1 1 1	Code (1.2.1 1.2.1 1.2.2 1.2.2.1 1.2.2.	Conserva Policy-bas Legislation Developm Internation Implemen Internation	ition measur sed actions n nent nal level tation	es	
Major threats Code Description of threat	P		1 1 1 1	Code (1	Conserva Policy-bas Legislation Developm Internation Internation Internation Habitat ar	ation measur sed actions n nent nal level tation nal level	es actions	

4.4.3 Management



Utilisation of Species

Purpose/Type of Use Subsistence National International Other purpose:

Primary forms removed from the wild 100% >75% 51-75% 26-50% <25% Other forms removed from the wild:

Source of specimens in commercial trade 100% >75% 51-75% 26-50% <25% Other source of specimens:

Trend in wild offtake/harvest in relation to total wild population numbers over last five years:

Trend in offtake/harvest produced through domestication/cultivation over last five years:

CITES:

Red Listing

Red List Assessment: Least Concern (LC) Possibly Extinct

Red List Criteria:

Rationale for the Red List Assessment: Listed as Least Concern because, although its Extent of Occurrence is less than 5,000 km2, it is

common, occurs in habitats that are not significantly threatened, and does not appear to be in

decline.

Current Population Trend: Stable Date of Assessment: 12/17/2004

Assessor(s): Jose Antonio Mateo Miras, Valentin Pérez-Mellado

Notes on Red listing:

Bibliography

Arnold, E.N., 2003, , , Reptiles and amphibians of Europe., , , 288 pp., Princeton University Press., Princeton and Oxford.

Pleguezuelos, J.M., Márquez, R. and Lizana, M., 2002, , , Atlas y Libro Rojo de los Anfibios y Reptiles de España., , , pp. 584, Dirección General de la Conservación de la naturaleza-Associación Herpetológica Española., Madrid.

Joger, U., 1984, Taxonomische Revision der Gattung Tarentola (Reptilia: Gekkonidae)., Bonner Zoologische Beitraege, , , 35(1-3):, 129-174, ,

Carranza, S., Arnold, E.N., Mateo, J.A. and López-Jurado, L.F., 2000, Long-distance colonization and radiation in gekkonid lizards, Tarentola (Reptilia: Gekkonidae), revealed by mitochondrial DNA sequences., Proc. R. Soc. London B, , , 267:, 637-649, ,

Nogales M., López, M., Jiménez-Asensio, J., Larruga, J.M., Hernández, M. and González, P., 1998, Evolution and biogeography of the genus Tarentola (Sauria: Gekkonidae) in the Canary Islands, inferred from mitochondrial DNA sequences., J. Evol. Biol., , , 11:, 481-494, ,

Harris, D.J., Batista, V., Lymberakis, P. and Carretero, M.A., 2004, Complex estimates of evolutionary relationships in Tarentola mauritanica (Reptilia: Gekkonidae) derived from mitochondrial DNA sequences., Molecular Phylogenetics and Evolution, , , 30(3), 855-859, ,